THE LATEST NEWS.

Telegraph to the New-York Tribune. then Telegraph Office, carner of Banever and Bear

TITIE CONGRESS Piret Semion SENATE WASHINGTON, April 5, 1852.

of the Legislature of Massachusetts, praying for a), appropriation for the removal of obsine Cope Cod Harbor.

AGAINST GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

AGAINST GOVERNMENT STRAMERS.

Aléo, a memorial from Robert G. Shaw,
ad oliers, shipowhers of Boston and New-York,
esting forth that the policy of the Government in
asing in the establishment of lines of steamers is
grejudicial to the private merchant service. Tay
y that steamers established in this way are essenitally Government steamers, and by this uncaus the Covernment is brought into competition with private dizens in the freight and passenger business; they cerefore pray that the policy of the Government in ding the several lines of mail steamers may be brought to a close as soon as possible. Referred. Several reports on private matters were

RESOLUTIONS. Mr. WELLER, (Cal.) offered a resolution, calling for copies of contracts for the con-

directing inquiry into the propriety of increasing the salary of the District Judge of Vermont. Adopted. PRIVATE BILL

A bill for the relief of James Jones, of Arksess, correcting an error at the Land Office, was reported, taken up, and ordered to be engrossed.

AFFORTIONMENT BILL -NON-INTERVENTION, ETC.

Mr. Downs moved that the Senate take

on the bil amendatory of the Apportionment Act, so to have apportionment of California, in consequence of the imperiest returns of the census taken. Mr Gwin said that he was not much interested to that bill, but he hoped the Navy Yard bill would be disposed of to-day.

Mr. Bell said that Mr. Clark's resolutions upon non-intervention were fixed for to day, and he (Bell) had the floor. He was not anxious to proceed to-day, and as the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Kelations was desirous to leave the city, and before doing so to speak on these resolucity, and before doing so to speak on these resolutions, he would move that the nen-intervention resotitions be taken up and postponed till to morrow,
when he would yield the floor to Mr. Mason and take
some other day for hiroself

The resolutions were then taken up and postponed
till to-morrow, when Mr. Mason will speak.

Mr. Downs's bill was then taken up.

The majority of the Judiciary Committee report : bill directing that the Secretary of the Interior pro bill directing that the Secretary of the Interior proceed forthwith to apportion the Representatives emong the several States according to the Census and Apportionment Act of May, 1850, according to the returns of population which have been completed and returned to the Census Office, including in the population of California the ostimated returns for the Counties of Santa Chara, San Francisco and Centra Costs. This would give her a population of 117,318 and would allow her one representative with a fraction of about 47,478; and if California has now a fraction of about 47,478; and if California be set down at 117,318, South Carolina will have a member for this fraction. Louistana has a fraction of er for this fraction. Louisiana has a fraction of Mr. Downs addressed the Senate, ex-

Mr. Downs addressed the Schate, explaining the whole matter. He argued that the Constitution of the United States required that Representatives should be apportioned according to actual
enumeration only. No estimates of population
should be relied on except perhaps in the cases of
the first admission of States. According to actual
returns from California, her fraction overone Representative was 24,000. If she was to have another
member for this he would insist on Louisiana's right
to one for her fraction of 46,000.

Mr. Buangury reguled, reading from

Mr. BRADBURY replied, reading from eral tables, and much documentary evidence, to be that the returns from California were incombow that the returns from Camerata were incom-plete, and that she population returned were short by from 30 to 50 per cent of the actual population of the State in June, 1850. He and Mr. Geyer, who were the minerity of the Committee, were of opin-ion that, under the difficulties, circumstances and embarrassments of the matter, the best way was to allow South Carolina the member, and then to in-teract the whole number of Representatives to 23. allow South Carolina the member, and then to in-crease the whole number of Representatives to 231, and give a member to California.

Mr. Geven then moved to amend the bill so as to increase the whole number of Representa-tives from 233 to 234.

Mr. SEWARD was firmly convinced that California had a far greater population than 117,000. He was in favor of the amendment.

Mr. Pratt said he could not vote for the

amendment, because the Constitution of the United States was important that representation should be apportuned according to an actual enumeration of the inhabitants. Mr. HALE said if these were data enough

to esable the Senate to correct the actual returns, by making the fraction of California greater than that of South-Carolina, thus showing that California and not South-Carolina was entitled to the members, why was one to be given to South-Carolina at all. Either California or South-Carolina was entitled to the member, and it was not just to the other States to give them both one.

Mr. Geven said that apportionment depended on actual returns from all the States, assuming 233 as a divisor. The returns from California were not only not complete, but entirely wrong. He was satisfied that the population of that State exceeded 155,600, and would out South-Carolina out.—But, owing to the uncertainty of the matter, he though it would be best to give both of them a mem-

Mr. BADGER agreed with Mr. Geyer, and advocated the amendment.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Bransuny and Banoan, but without coming to any

The President laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior in reply to a resolution of the Senate, showing that 34,000 is due to the St. Regis Indians, under the treaty made by R. H. Gillett with the New-York In-dians. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The SPEAKER announced the first busi-The Speaker announced the first business in order, to be the following resolution introduced two weeks ago, by Mr. Jackson, (Ga., Loco) and on which he had called the previous question.

Assolved, That we recognize the binding efficacy of the Compromises of the Constitution, and beneve it to be the intention of the people generally, as we hereby declare it to be ours individually, to abide anon Compromise, and to sustain the laws necessary to carry them out. The provision for the delivery up of Fugitive Slaves, and that we deprecate all further agriculton of the questions growing out of the Compromise questions embraced in the acts of the last Congress, known as the Compromise, and of questions senerally connected with the matituden of flavery, as unnecessary, useless and dangerous.

Mr. Hillyer (Ga. Loco) asked Mr. Jackson to withdraw his demand for the previous question, as he wished to make an amendment.

Mr. STANLY (N. C., Whig) quickly rose to a point of order, the substance of which was that the resolution was not now properly before the House, Mr. Jackson having offered it out of time and before South Carolina two weeks sego was called fer resolutions.

The Speaker openanted the resolutions.

The SPEAKER overruled the point of erdar, giving his reasons therefor, delicately controvering Mr. Stanly's position, and asked the gentleman whether he appealed from the decision.

Mr. STANLY replied—"No, unless you

The SPEAKER said blandly-The Chair

des not certainly invite an appeal, but is at all times happy to have the decision of the illouse.

Mr. HILLYER again asked to have his

The SPEAKER-Is it the pleasure of the

Mr. STANLY-Provided I can get in three continue for any one of which I will vote. [Cries agreed! Agreed!"]

The CLERK then read Mr. Hillyer's

mendment for information merely, it being the use as Mr. Polk (Tenn. Loco) voted down in Democratic caucus—and is as follows:

Scolved, That the series of acts passed during the first and the training of the Thirty first Congress, known as the Comproduct, are regarded as a final adjustment and a permanent themset of the questions therein embraced, and should maintained and executed as such.

The confusion was now at its hight,

Mr. MEADE (Va., Loco) desired to have While some agreed to have it read, the

Several minutes elapsed before partial

Voices—New read Mr. Sanly's resolu-iread, read.
Mr. Parston King, (N. Y., Loco)—I ob-to all of them.

Cries-Too late, too late. to the pendency of the previous question.

Mr. STARLY expressed the kepe that his residues went now be reed.

Mr. GORMAN (Ind., Loco)-I object to The SPEAKER said that the unanimous

consent of the House was given. Various questions were asked and an-ters given—when finally, Mr. Stauly's resolutions are read. The first was that of Mr. Polk which swers given—when finally, Mr. Stauly's resolutions were read. The first was that of Mr. Polk which was voted down in opposition Caucus. The second was the resolution adopted in Whig Caucus—and the third those offered in Opposition Caucus by Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas, and laid on the table, in the last there were a few strong interlineations by Stanley.

Mr. Jackson, Ga. having been appealed to refused to withdraw his demand for the previous question, at the request of his colleague.

Mr. Hillyen-So this gentleman could not offer his amendment. Mr. BAILEY (Ga., Loco) wanted to ask

Mr. Jackson a question. Mr. PRESTON KING and others loudly called for order.

Mr. BAILEY (Ga.)-I will be heard at some future time. Order! order!

Further noisy proceedings took place, when Mr. Fowler (Mass., Whig) moved to lay the resolution on the table, but subsequently withdrew the motion, as gentlemen seemed to be anxious to vote on the demand for the previous question,

Mr. Polk renewed the motion, and he,

too, afterwards withdrew it.

Mr. Beale (Ga., Loco) renewed the motion, and held on to it. Mr. STANLY moved that there be a call

of the House. Lost by one vote. The House refused to lay Mr. Jackson's resolution upon the table—Yess, 70; Nays, 102.

Mr. Jackson asked for, but was refused. e privilege of making a verbal alteration in his

After much shuffling, the House refused to second the demand for the previous question.

Ayes 80; Noes 85.

So Mr. HILLYER was then enabled to introduce his amendment, as given above, and moved the previous question upon it. Mr. MEADE again wished to offer his

imendment, but, as on the other occasion, was cried Mr. ORR (S.C., Loco) rose to a question of order. He said that who to a resolution it goes over. whenever objection is made

The SPEAKER replied, it is true that a resolution, if it be offered [Here the Telegraph, after staggering

and blundering through the report thus far, gave out, owing to the heavy storm]

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE ... ALBANY, Monday, April 5, 1852. Mr. McMussay reported a bill for re-ducing the half mill tax to one quarter mill. Or-

dered to a third reading.

Mr. Bancock reported favorably on a bill authorizing Charles James Murray to hold real estate. This is the infant grandson of Mr. Wadeworth Mr. BEEKMAN reported favorably on the bill to incorporate the Trustees of the fund for the aid of aged ministers of the Protestant Episcopal

The Senate, in Committee, took up the Liquer bills; the first one being that of Mr. Ban-cock, for repealing all the laws authorizing the is-soing of licenses, and imposing penalties for solling

The question being on the substitute offered by Mr. Munroe, the House bill with amend-ments, and a clause submitting the bill to the people, Mr. McElwain moved to amend by striking out the clause submitting the bill to the people Lost: Ayes, 6; Noes, 8. The question then recurred on Mr. Mun-

roe's proposition, which, at the request of Mr. Hab-cock, he withdrew, so that the two bills might stand independent of each other. Progress was reported on Mr. Babcock's bill, and the Assembly bill, as amended by Mr. Mun-

roe, was then taken up.

Mr. McElwain renewed his motion to strike out the submission clause—lost. Ayes 6, Nays 8. The bill was then gone through with without material objection and reported to the

Mr. Brach moved to lay the report on

Babcock's bill on the table-lost.
Mr. McEawain renewed his motion to strike out the submission clause. Carried, Ayes 10 Nays 9. After some further depart the question of agreeing to the report of the Committee was made the special order for Thursday. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The House has been engaged in the reading of bills, and nothing of interest has transpired.

There being only a quorum in attendance, sufficient to pass majority bills, the House took a recess till 4 o'clock. The third reading of bills was resumed.

Mr. Monnon moved to reconsider the vote rejecting the New-York Hakwers' and Peddlers' bill. The vote was reconsidered and the bill again Nothing further of interest was trans-

acted. Recess till 7 o'clock, and then adjourned for want of a quorum.

Kossuth's Visit to Beston.

Ressuth's Visit to Beston.

Beston, Monday, April 5, 1852.

The Special Committee of the City Authorities, appointed on the subject of Louis Kessuth's visit to this city, made their report at the meeting of the Mayer end Beerd of Aldermen to-day, to the effect that the Legislature now in session, having extended an invitation to M Kossuth to visit this city as the guest of the State, and that invitation having been eccepted, and Kossuth being expected here before the adjournment, it would not be proper for the City Geverament to do anything which would interfere with the arrangements of the State authorities for his reception. The Committee, however, reperted to recommend the Mayor to afford the Governor and Committee of the Legislature every facility to visit the city institutions, public schools, and other objects of interest with their guest, and to tender to them the use of Fancul Hall, in case M. Kossuth desires to address the citizens.

The Canal Auditor.

The decision on the application to set down the cause of Phelps versus Newell, will not be given until to-morrow.

Snow Storme in Baltimore.

Barrimore. Monday April 5, 1859.

We have had violent storm of snow and sleet this morning, and snow has fallen to the depth of three inches. It is now raining.

The Baltic's advices have depressed Broadstuffs

Fears for the Safety of the Isabel. CHARLESTOR, Saturday, April 3, 1852.

The schooner Gen. Taylor has arrived from Havana, which port she left on the 28th uit. The steamer Isabel, which was to have left on the 30th, her regular day, has not yet arrived at Charleston. Some apprehension is felt of her being disabled, as the Gen. T. experienced a violent gale on the 1st inst.

The Opposition Convention of the Vth Congressional District reassembled last evening at No. 159 Madison-st. and chose Henry C. Boswell, of Williamsburgh, an alternate Delegate to Baltimore. EDWARD C. WEST is the Delegate from this District, and a friend of Judge Douglas.

IMPOSING CEREMONY .- We have seldom eitnessed a more imposing ceremony than that of Confirmation at Saint Stephen's Episcopal Church, in Chrystic street, corner of Broome, on Sunday evening last. The candidates, fifty-two in number were mostly females, and were dressed in white .-The eeremony was conducted by Bishop Chase of New-Hampshire, assisted by Rev. Dr. Price, the Recother of the Episcopal Clergymen of our City .-The most impressive feature was, that there were among the candidates some six or eight Deaf Mutes. young ladies, mostly residents of the City, and gradutes of our New-York Institutions. In the part of the ceremony the Bishop was assisted by Rev. Mr. Gallaudet, who interpreted into the Sign lan-guage the ceremony as read, likewise the Bishop's address to the candidates. Until within a short time, this class of our citizens here had no other oppor tunity of attending Divine service, than what has been afforded them at the Deaf and Dumb institution. And now it is truly gratifying to witness the philanthropic interest which is taken in them by the reverend gentleman above named. His aged father, whose death we were called upon a few

months since to record, was the first to turn his attention to the cause of Deaf Mute instruction in

this country, and we are glad to see that his son

monifests as great an interest in their behalf.

CITY ITEMS.

A STRAY SNOW STORM. - After numerous occasional spits and spurts of snow for over twenty four bours, the weather turned into a regular January storm last evening, and in a short time the ground was white with a snowy blanket. A general promiscuity of the elements prevailed to a late hour, snow, hall, and sleet combining to form a dismal specimen of the Spring which has this season set in with more than its usual saverity. _

RUM AND ROWDYISM IN THE SEVEN-TEENTH WARD .- Of late a desperate set of rowdles. many of whom are marble-polishers, have infested the Seventeenth Ward, in which they have made several demonstrations not at all unworthy of men of their character. During the last few days two of the Police of that Ward (Brener and Mortimer) have been zeriously injured with deadly weapons in the hands of these desperadoes. J. W. Hartt, Captain of the Seventeenth Ward Police, says in reference to this matter: "Were I to venture an opinion rela-tive to the alarming increase of crime in the Seventeenth Ward, I should say Intemperance was one great cause, either directly or indirectly, and as such should be placed or characterized as first. Second, the almost open encouragement that is received by certain base fellows commonly called the Boys," (or rowdies, perhaps, more properly speaking.) from men of known and acknowledged high standing in the community, from whom might be expected better things. This I consider a crying and growing evil, having its origin probably in political strife for office, in which the aspirants would seem almost willing, like Judas of old, to betray nd sacrifice whatever might stand opposed to the realization of their wishes. Thus the practice of noticing and pandering to the course of such persons lays the ax at the root of the tree of all good order and law, and almost offers a premium to crime. It is also one great reason why the idle boys who are growing up among us become such early adepts in crime, for we may readily infer that they look forward to the day when, if they are of the right sort in the way of managing and fighting, they can command a good price at an election, or any other occasion when their services may be rehis present capacity about three months, but from present indications we should judge he will use every possible effort to put down and effectually suppress rowdyism, in not only his own Ward, but

We believe that every Police Captain in this City would unqualifiedly indorse Capt. Hartt's report, if they would but speak their minds.

137 Joseph Czrenner, an exiled officer in the Hungarian army, whose efforts in the cause of Freedoin were the means of his losing a leg, returns his sincere thanks to Palmer & Co., of Springfield, Mass., who generously presented him with one of the celebrated Artificial Legs of their manufacture. This artificial limb so nearly supplies the place of a natural one, that hardly any but the wearer can detect its presence.

THE ALLEGED CUBAN INDICTMENTS .- It is said the indictments against Messrs. O'Sullivan, Lewis and Schleissingen, will be tried again in June before the U. S. Circuit Court, to hold which for the term, some Judge of another circuit will probably be appointed.

THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. - The meeting last evening, although less numerous than it would have been in less inclement weather, was very satisfactory. Many new members were enrolled, a report was read appointing an Exhibition for the first days of June, and a committee appointed to confer with one from the old Horticultural Society, to consider the project of uniting the two Societies. We are glad to record the harmonious commencement and pleasant promise of this enterprise.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES REVIEWED .- The Tabernacle was densely crowded last night by a remarkably attentive and appreciative audience, to hear the lecture of Rev. W. S. Balen, entitled " Ro manism and Republicanism Incompatible." The les ture was a critical examination of the late discourse of Archbishop Hughes on "The Catholic Chapter in the History of the United States." It was an able and eloquent lecture, and was received with frequent bursts of applause. Our sketch is unavoidably crowded out this morning.

Tax Law For 1852 .- A certified copy of e Law passed by the Levislature in refe Taxes in New-York City, was received in the Board of Supervisors to raise by tax for City Expenses in 1852 an aggregate sum of \$2,561,650; of which \$1,690,650 is for contingent expenses legally charge able to the City, \$540,000 for Police expenses, \$200,-000 for Lamps and Gas, and \$125,000 for deficiencies in the levy of 1851. All this is exclusive of the large levy for Educational purposes and of the Sta o Mill

BEAUTIES OF THE LAW .- There is now pending in one of our Courts a suit brought by the City sgainst a ship-owner for the sum of sixty-right cents, and upon this very suit, in the equity of which not the first move has been made, there has been about three hundred dollars charged as easts! This is but one of a whole brood of suits which will one day show the most barefaced robbery of the li-

RAILROAD AGAINST RIVER .- The Hudson River Railroad, in order to meet the wants of the traveling public to the follest extent, proposes shortly to run about seven daily trains hence to Albany, and in most of them to make such reduced rates of fare as will effectually compete with the prices charged on the steamboats.

Among the passengers by the Baltic yesterday, from Liverpool, we note the name of Wm. Niblo Esq., who left a few weeks since to complete arrangements in Europe for the visit of certain distinguished theatrical and operatic Artists to this country. We have not learned any names, but understand that his arrangements have been entirely successful, and that the public will soon have occasion to congratulate itself upon the brief absence of Mr. Niblo.

MADAME SIEDENBURG'S CONCERT.-A fige programme of German vocal music is offered this woning at the Apollo by Madame Siedenburg, and we can cordially commend to our readers to a musical evening of a kind rare out of Germany. FLYING MACHINE .- M. Petin, a French

gentleman, whose arrival was recently chronicled in Boston, will deliver a lecture this evening at the Society Library, in illustration of his new apparatus for flying. The matter is curious and merits atten-

THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY .- This body meets this evening, and Geo. W. Blunt, Esq., of this City, will read a paper upon the title of the United States to the North-west possessions. WALL-STREET FERRY .-- We understand

that a temporary injunction has been granted by the Supreme Court, restraining the use of this point as a ferry, and the case is to be argued, probably on Rev. Delos Love was installed last

evening as Pastor of the Eastern Congregational Church, corner of Madison and Gouverneur-sts., Rev. Ray Palmer, of Albany, preaching the sermon-The Whig General Committee meets

this evening at the Broadway House. The following Sales of Real Betate were made by auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller:

t lot north side 30th-st., 100 feet sast from Medison av., 20 2 95 9.....

Rumons .- Among the floating news yesterday, was a rumor of an affray which took place at the corner of Broadway and Franklin-st., between a Mr. Morrison, of Mobile, Ala., and a Mr. Ellsworth, of Hartford, Conn., in which Mr. Morrison was severely stabbed; and it was said Mr. Ellsworth was arrested, and held to bail.

Furthermore, it was stated that a passenger had been thrust from a train on the Hudson River Railroad, and seriously injured.

The Industrial Congress have a meeting this evening at the New City Hall.

THE CALIFORNIA TICKET SWINDLE CASE. -Wm. C. Earney, one of the firm of A. H. Pride & Co., yesterday had a preliminary examination before Justice Lothron, when the Justice Lothrop, when the following questions were put to him, which he answered as follows:
Q. Have you asything to say, and if so, what, relative to the charge preferred against you?
A. The charge is false and malicious, and is made with

the intent to extort money.

Q. By whom is the intent entertained to extort money?

A. By all the persons who have made complaints equipment to extore the complaints equipment.

me.

J is it true that you sold, or caused to be old, tickets of passage from this City to San Francisco to these said persons, or any of them, as they have stated.

A. No. Sir, not as they have stated.

J is it true, or not, that you have sold, or caused to be sold, tickets of passage from this City to San Francisco to the complainants in this case, or any of them!

A thave; I have sold, or caused to be sold the tickets of which they composite.

A I have: I have seld, or caused to be sold the tickets of which they compain.

Q. Have you saything more to say?

A. I state that the self-day its filed contain false and malicious charges for the purpose of obtaining morey for black mail. I have nothing more to say.

The acqueed had not been bailed when the Court closed last evening. He stated in his examination, that he is a native of Ballimore City and 37 years of see.

Supposed Case of Suicide. - About one o'clock yesterday morning, the First Ward Police found at the corner of Maiden lane and South-st adult overcoat, dress coat, pair of boots, de. which it is supposed were placed there by some person who committed suicide by drowing himself in the East River, near the spot where the clothing was found. In one of the pockets was found a bill dated Oct. 9, 1850, for \$75.90 against Geo. Brown and in favor of Raidwin & Co. Also two notes for \$55, each dated at Montrose, May 21st, 1851, in favor of Alfred Baldwin and signed Geo. Brown, together with several other papers.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY .-- A young man mamed Michael Hauning was yesterday arrested by Officer Wogan, of the IVth Ward, charged with naving, in company with two others, on Saurday night, knocked down Wm. Flynn of No. 42 Cherry-st, while he was passing through Water-st, and robbed him of a wallet containing \$44 in bank notes. The accused was taken before Justice Lothrop, when Mr. Flynn identified him as one of the annilants and he was committed to await examination.

FEMALE RUN OVER .-- A young man named John Singleton, on Sunday evening, while driving a pleasure wagon belonging to Mr. Bradford, of Canal-st., ran over a poor woman, fojuring her severely. Much against his wish, he was consciled to stor and convey the female in his wagon to the New-York Hospital.

[Advertisement] - THE SAVINGS Doings or Cheltennam — The performances of the Batemen Children for the last three nights, at the Assembly Rooms, have been among the most extraformary, and, at the same time, amusing, The Looker-On has been ever called upon to notice. The faculties of mamiery and initation it is well known, are among the earliest developed of all the mental powers; but to find them expanded into full maturity at the ages of six and eight, are of such rare occurrence, that they become classed at once among the marvels of their age and constant. In the children where prefermances are classed at once among the marvels of their age and country. In the children whose performances are now attracting the attention of the pleasure-seekers of Cheltenham, this precedents development of the imitative talent appears to have acquired a perfection as decided as it is remarkable. The acting of both the children is, in fact, so admirable, as to be scarcely surpassed by the most accomplished and experienced performer. To describe it, so as to convey to our readers any adequate idea of the performance, would be impossible. They must even see the performances for themselves, and if they are subject to ennul, or given to melancholy, we promise them the Spotled Child, as represented by the Bateman Children, will effectually dissipate either feeling, and reatore their spints to a state of pleasant buoyancy. The wouldwillse, or little comedies, in which these juvenile actors sustain so wonderfully the leading and principal characters, are cleverly designed, and the whole mise en scene is in a style of the leading and principal characters, are cleverly designed, and the whole miss en scene is in a style of metropolitan excellence. A morning performance— the last of this first visit of the Bate nea Children to Cheltenham—takes place this afternoon. (Chaltenham (Eng.) Looker On.

[Advertisement.]-Public Meering .-The second Public Meeting of the Republican Building Association will take place at the Apolic Rooms, No. 110 Broadway, on Tubeday Evening, April 6, et 71 o'clock. Joseph N. Barnns, President. Jonn T. Cairns, Secretary.

[Advertisement]—Daguerreotypes in Oil.—Mr. W. H. Butler! of the Piumbe National Gallery, No. 201 Broadway, corner of Murray-st., has made and perfected a new art, which combines the detail of the Daguerreotype with the finish of the finest miniature painting. Only one sitting is necessary to produce a perfect likeness and a beautiful network.

[Advertisement.] - The desperate weathin spite of all, Roor, at No. 363 Broadway, was busily engaged in making some of his best pictures, especially the Cravon Dagnerreotypes, which are so vastiy popular. Many people profer a stormy day, for then the crowd is not so oppressive.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION-YOUNG LADIES .-We are happy always to chronicle any advance in this most important, but hitherto sadly neglected, branch of education; and therefore take pleasure in cutting the following paragraph from the Eleventh Angual Catalogue of the " Pittsfield (Mass.) Young Ladies' Institute : "

"Recently, at an expanse of more than \$6,000, a large building, not represented in the engraving, has been erected on the grounds, containing spacious haits for calishbanic and gymnastic exercises, and fitted up with the most complete fixtures and arrangements any where to be found in an institution of learning. Here, at all seasons of the year, and in any state of the weather, under the guardianship of careful and accomplished teachers, the pupils practice daily those physical exercises, which have been found always so attractive, and at the same time so invaluable in imparting grace to the form and movement, strength and health to the body, and elastic vigor to the mind." "Recently, at an expanse of more than \$6,000,

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT, by end with the advice and consent of the Senate.—Woodford Mabry, Collector of the Customs for the district of Brunswick, Georgia, vice Armand Le Fils, removed.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS. Sales at the Stock Exchange APRIL 5.

		-	•-	
		RECON	D BO	ABD.
\$14 000	Erie Co	n. 71. 94	1400	Reading R. R 73
10,000				Norwich 574
90,000		9 95		
30,000		.b10 95		
10,000	C Coming	-b60 95		
16,000			H 1000000	
		95		
		96		
		13		
300	40	13	1150	Harlem R. R., b30 731
176	do	13	200	do 73
				Erie 874
		79		
				Del & Hudson110
				Morris Canal.bl0 19
		43		
		******	1.100	40
		MARKET	Mo	HDAT, April 6-P. M.

There has been a very buoyant Stock narket to day, although at the First Board the busi-

ness was not large. There was considerable activity in Canton, Eric and Zine, and in the former there was an advance of 2t per cent., as compared with Saturday's price. At the Second Board the Market was very active and a further advance was realized in some descriptions. Canton went to 80 and was in

demand, which is 3 per cent. advance since Saturday. There is a party of moneyed men, we are told, engaged in buying this Stock who have great confidence in its intrinsic value being far beyond its market price. Baltimore is growing rapidly and upon the completion of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will increase still faster, and the Canton lands must come into market at high prices. The last estimate of the property of the Company made the shares worth \$160, and sales of neighboring lands have since been made at still higher rates than that estimate. Erie sold at 88, and after the Second Board some sales were made at 881, an advance of 11 per cent. Reading is rather quiet and improved & percent. Nicaragua closed at 431, an advance of 1 per cent. The sales of Zine were large-about 2,500 shares-and after touching 13; it closed at 13;. Harlem was firm, and Norwich improved | per cent., closing at 574. In Eric Securities there was a large business, the sales reaching \$185,000. The market closed at full prices. State and Government Stocks are firm. Metropolitan Bank sold at 107, an improvement of 1 per cent.

The market for Sterling Exchange is quiet and heavy at 920; P cent. First class Southern Bank Bills sold at 9; I cent. There is a good supply of Bills on the market.

In Freights there is a moderate business doing, and the rates are not firm. , Engagements 500 o 1,000 bales Cotton, 7-32@id.; Flour, 1s. 6d.@ls. id.: 10.000 bushels Grain, 41@41d.: 75 boxes Tobacco, 3s. To London, 2,000 bbls. Turpentine, 2s. To Hamburg, 500 bbls. Rezin, 1s. 9d. ; 300 bales Cotton, 11-16c, ; Liquids, 3c. P galion. To Germany, Grain, 7d @8d. A Cuba Freight was made at 374c. for Sugar, and \$3 for Moineses. To California, there is a moderate business doing at pravious rates.

The amount received at the Sub-Treas-

ury is \$144,897; paid, \$94,902. Balance, \$3,029,356. The supply of Money seeking employment is increasing, and some loans on call on firstclass securities are being made at 4@44 P cent. The current rates, however, are 5@6 P cent. A No. 1 short paper goes at 5@6 P cent; long paper 6@7 P cent. The Banks are free lenders.

The Pacific Railroad Co. have sold to Messrs. Clark, Dodge & Co. \$50,000 Missouri Sixes at 102.

We learn that a purchase of 3,700 tuns of T rail has been made in London by John F. Wins. tow, Esq., for the Albany Northern Railroad Co. This work is being rapidly pushed to completion

The Scioto and Hocking Valley Railread Co , through their agents, Winslow, Lanter & Co., have purchased on favorable terms, 2,500 tuns of heavy T rail which, with a previous purchase by the same house, will complete their Road from the City of Portsmouth northwardly 50 miles to a point in Jackson County, Ohio, where it intersects the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad. This Road penetrates the most extensive mineral pertian of the State, and connects the City of Portsmouth, one of the most flourishing places on the Ohlo River, with Chillicothe, and thence by other lines, with all the Railroads and other public works of the State.

Private letters from London speak of a growing inclination there to invest in fret-class American Railroad Securities, but add, that the closest scrutiny is manifested as to location and means of the various companies, and the character of parties managing the Roads and presenting their Securities in the market There was a fair demand for American Securities and a considerable amount of orders came out by the s camer.

The receipts of the Norwich Road show a fair gain in March over the same period of tast year. The gain on the Harlem is reported to be large, but the figures are not made up. Land Warrants are in good demand, at

The foreign advices quote a further rise all D cent. in Consols, which had advanced to 981@ Cotton was more active and firm, but Bread steffs continued dull. The Money market in Lon-

\$110@\$120.

don continued very easy, at 11@2 P cent. Silver had declined. Dollars had sold at 584d. On Wednesday Mr. Ludlow will sell at auction 475 shares of the Phenix Coal Company's

Contractors for 22 miles of double track on the Eric Road will commence work in a few days. This portion of the track is between Sufferns and Chester. The contracts are made for stock below the estimate of the Engineers, and below several of the cash bids.

The Specie exports from Boston for the first quarter of the year were \$557,701. The subscription to the stock of the

Republic Insurance Company has been filled up. The New-York correspondent of The Washington Union gives the following table, showing the revenues of the leading public works of the

United States, for several years:

N. York canals. 33,752 at 3 23,225,566 \$1,373,003 \$1,531 015
Ohio canals. 705,019 739,577 751,396 101,537
Penn. canals. 1,567,595 1,633 277 1,713,848 1,740,133
Ilkinois canals. 67,690 118,449 136,371 173,300
Indiana canals. 154,445 139 a55 157,159 173,707 Total canals. \$5,787,581 \$5,837,434 \$6,032 606 \$6,467,690 Total canals. \$5,787,591 \$3,837,431 \$6,931606 \$6,467,090 N.Y. railroads. \$3,734,400 \$4.269 203 \$3,759,484 \$8.300 000 Mass. do. 5,661,694 6118,214 6,484,873 6,599,275 Phil. & Balt.do. 618,103 67,944 627,709 716,010 Reading do. 1,623,355 1,937 590 249,4785 2,314,330 Balt. and O do. 1,213,664 5,241,705 1,025,005 1,538 750 Ma.and Wil do. 161,589 190,517 207,648 126,631 William Ro. 62, 373,921 600 905 861,359 1,110,044 121,110,

Total railreads. \$14,463,689 \$15,641,811 \$18,851 830 \$19,963 \$20 Canals & do.... 19,851,250 21,499,255 24,884,635 36,451 219 This great increase in income has been produced in face of large reductions on tolls , made necessary by the rivalry mostly between the Railroads and

The Pennsylvania Senate has passed bills incorporating the Eric City Bank, the Anthracite Bank, and the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Alentown; and has extended the charter of the Gas.

We have received the following statement of the business of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for March:

Receipts for passengers in the month of
March 1852. \$129,438 60
Receipts for passengers in March, 1851. 50 212 16
Increase. \$78,225 84
Receipts for freight in March, 1852. \$113,941 66
Receipts for freight in March, 1851. 19,518 90
Increase. \$20,422 76

Total receipts, passengers and freight, in Total receipts, passengers and freight, in
March, 1851.

miles of road not used in 1851, and the freight over

Increase \$94.422 76

20 additional miles not used in 1851. We annex a statement of the earnings of the Cumberland Valley Railroad for the month of March :

Receipts for the month of March, 1852....\$12,778 48 Receipts for the month of March, 1851.... 10,186 31 Increase equal to nearly 26 per cent... \$2,502 17 The Boston Atlas of Saturday has the following paragraph relative to the Cochituate

Bank:

The Bank Commissioners have instituted a suit against the Cochituate Bank, claiming to recover \$1,000, under a charge of having "over-loaned" moneys to two of its Directors, contrary to law—though they admit, as we understand, the undoubted soundness of the bank. By a vote of the stockholders, the Directors were entitled to an aggregate of some \$50,000 more than they have had at any one time. The Commissioners take a technical advantage of a temporary loan, for the day, on some checks which have not been sent into other banks, which were abundantly fortified by good collateral securities.

The aggregate receipts of Sugar from Ha-

The aggregate receipts of Sugar from Havana and Matanzas, from 1st Jan. to 26th March, and the quantity to the United States, have been as

FAggregate. To U. States. Aggregate. To U. States. 1549...901.328 bgs. 43.026 1851...189,516 67,892 1849...45,401 27,710 1859...187,795 63,563 1869...901,855 66,323 The total value of exports from Baltimore to foreign ports, during the month of March, was \$601,160, of which \$302,000 went to Great Britain and Ireland. In addition to the above, a cargo valued at \$37,390 went to San Francisco -The receipts from duties during the month of March were only \$77,777, against \$118,500 in the same month last year. The total receipts from customs from the 1st of January to the 31st of March were \$180,050 04, against \$274,007 02 in the same period last year-showing a decrease of \$93,978 64. Balance in the U.S. Depository on the 1st of April,

\$40,815 82 The bill to authorize a loan of \$850,000 to complete the North Branch Canal, passed the

Pennsylvania liouse of Representatives on Thursday last, and has probably become a law. Exports of goods from Great Britain to the United States, between the 1st November, 1851, and 16th March, 1852, per Messrs. E. Higgin & Co.'s

Hostery, dez. 91 573 110 Laces, Crapes, &c. yrds, 6 699,905 3,114 Sbawks, plain doz. 3418 57. Do printed, doz. 56 773 25. Velvets, yards, 26,639 6. | Post | Proceedings | Post |

which have left, as well as the sailing vessels, with only two-third cargoes. Some of the Ohio Banks, according to a report made to the Senate by the Auditor, make

The shipments to the United States during the last month have not been sufficient to fill the steamers

very large profits. The Western Reserve Bank, in 1851, 44 P cent ; Commercial Bank, Cincinnati, 37 P cent. : Akron Branch, 23; P cent. ; City Bank, Columbus, 201 Pr cent : Bank of Geauga, 21 Prcent. Commercial, Cleveland, 25 P cent., &c. New-York Cattle Market-April 5.

Markets-Carrellt Reported For THE TRIBUNE MONDAY, April 5, 1857.

ASPES—The market is easier, with more offering; sales of 50 bbls at \$5025 06 for Pots, and \$5 25 for Peerls.
COTTON is finer; 5,506 bales so d to day, so wing a large demand. The steamer has brought considerable

COTTON is fixmer; 3,506 bales so d to day, serving a large demand. The steamer has brought considerable orders.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Our market is again easier for low grades of State Flour. Western is less pieuty and prices are firm; the receipts exceed the demand, and under the influence of the unfavorable advices by the Batto, lower prices have been submitted to. The demand for export is very moderate and the market closes have. Causdian is dull and lower prices have been succepted. Sales of 500 bbls, at \$31/485 for the band. The cales of domestic reach 5 600 bbls, at \$31/485 for indicate the sales of the bbls, at \$31/485 for common to strucht State; \$4 440.55 50 for common to strucht State; \$4 450.56 50 for common to strucht State; \$4 450.56 50 for common to strucht State; \$4 175 for first hoop Onle, vis canal, and \$4 50/48.55 for inited to fancy Michigau and Indiana. Southern Flour is very abundant, and the demand for export very limited. The trade are buying mederately, at a sight decline from the closing prices of it at week. Sales of 800 bbls, at \$4 50/50.54 53 for inited to straight branch. Fancies are dull and heavy. Sales of 600 bbls, at \$3 50. Corn mee is heavy. Sales of 100 bbls, Jesuev at \$3 51 for penchang.

GRAIN—Weat is very dull, and prices still irregular.—The deams of for milling is exceedingly moderate, and there is little longular for export. The supply is fair and the receipts mederate. Casadian is scarce and nomical at \$160.51 (6. We have only to note a sale of 2,600 bbls, at \$160.51 for Sauthern white; Western mired and nomical at \$160.51 (6. We have only to note a sale of 2,600 brah, unposed western on private terms. Ryes more plenty, and prices favor the buyer; sales of 15,000 bbls, at \$200.50 brah, at 660.50 for Southern yellow, and 6700 fle. for Sauthern white; Western mired as mon had a 60. Jesues at \$10.00 brah, at 660.

Chio, and Ric. for Prison. Broughts hade, at Sec., time. Priovisions—The market for Pork opened rather from rowing to the faverable advices from New-Orleans, but without sales of moment, closing quiet at steady prices. Sales of 400 bbls at \$176\$ 7 121 for new Mess, and \$16 for de. Prime; old Mess is inactive at \$16 87; Clear is dull at \$17 50. Beef; is heavy, especially for country, with dull at \$17 50. Beef; is heavy, especially for country, with for de. Prime; o'd. Mass is inactive at \$16 St\$; Clear is dull at \$17 50. Beefs heavy, especially for country, with more offering; salesfor 130,bbls at \$9 58.25 27 5 for Mess, and \$5 75.25 \$6 7 58 7 7 Frime; Prime Biess is heavy and dull at \$19.25 21. Beef Hams are very dull and heavy at \$16. Breen is quiet; sales of 25,000 lbs in dry salt at 2c for Ribbed. Pickled Mests are searce and quiet; sales of 150 bbls, and tierces at \$9.25 0 for Hams, and Seafs for Shoulders. Lard is quiet and more abundant; sales of 130 bbls, at \$9.20 0, in bbls, and kegs is lots at 100.04c. Batter is more plenty and the market is steady at \$25.20c. for Western (Stare) Dairies. Cheese is selling at \$9.25 0. KEDS-The market for Clover is heavy; the demand is local. Sales of 120 bbls, rew at \$9.25 0. Thusthy Seed is selling at \$100.25 21 vierce. Flax Seed is rather firmer; cales of 300 bush Southern at \$1.35 for 56 lb.
HEMP-A steady market; the demand is fair. Sales of 112 bales dew-rotted American at \$115, usual time.
WOOL is market more request; 27,000 lbs. domestic sold to-day at \$60.42c., and 50 bales white limed Smyrna at 16 cts.

Receipts of Produce MONDAY, April 5.

By North River Scatter, 140 bils. Flour, 131 do. Rye Flour, 277 do. Whisky. 102 do. Ashes, 1,258 do. Provisione, 13 pkgs. Butter, 1,359 do. Cheese, 60 bales Wool, 1,059 Hams, 500 bags Feed, 16,509 bush. Eye, 74 tos. and 1,154 bbls. Beef. By Fric Railroad—640 bbls Flour, 2,000 sides Leather, 56 Shesp. 76 Cattle, 3,150 bush. Oats, 37 pkgs. Butter, 46 bbls. Whisky.

FOREIGN MARKETS. Wright, Gandy & Co.'s Circular.

Wright, Gandy & Co.'s Circular.

Per Baltic | Liverroot. Tuesday, March 23, 1852.
Cotton—Successing the receipt of advices per Baltic, the market, which had previously been irrogular and sales limited, answeed more steadiness, with an increased amount of business doing, and sales on Friday were estimated at 10,000 bales, Saturday 7,466, and Mosday 6,000. The Africa arrived the same evening, and business opened very querity, which conticued throughout the day, sales being restricted to 4,500 bales. Of the above, about 21,000 bales are American, and incident 6,000 to apeculators and exporters—principally the latter. Import for same is about 6,000 bales are American, and incident 6,000 to apeculators and exporters—principally the latter. Import for same is about 6,000 bales, of which about 4,000 are American.

The great bulk of Cotton now here is of the ordinary and low middling qualities which being offered very freely, scarcely economial last week's currency—while the demand being for the better classes, (say from 56,516, per fb. which are very scarce.) full prices are currently paid.

From the poor selection now effered, there is no inducement for the Trade to buy largely, and the same cause affects the operations of speculators; nor do we expect more animation until a change of wind brings in fesh arrivals, (the quantity now affect the formary, 3,5241.

New-Orleans fair, 51; Middling, 525 1-16; Ordinary, 4,524; 2 th Mobile fair, 52; Middling, 525 1-16; Ordinary, 525 1. The Manchester report of trade is slightly more favorable, there being more disposition to extend orders for such goods and yama as are most in request. Where contracts are expiring, however, spinners are open to remewals on easier terms; the Home trade demand still continues languid.

Grain markets continue to wear a heavy aspect, and at

languid.

Grain markets continue to wear a heavy aspect, and at to-day's meeting WHEAT was in but limited demand, and sold at a decline of 2d, \$70 fbs. FLOUR also moved of very slowly, although offered at a reduction of is. \$2 bbl.

INDIAN CORN at 6d. \$2 quarter decline, met with very little

NOIAN CORN at 66. W quarter decline, met with very little favor; other articles were equally depressed.

ASHES are dull at 23s 3d for Pots, and 27s. 6d. for Pearls. CLOVER SEED—Demand subsided, and prices have a downward tendency.

LARD is dull. Sales of good to fine have been made at 47s. 646s 6d. F. cwt.

TALLOW is quiet. A few percels of city rendered sold at 37s 6d 68% F. cwt.

TURYENTINE is in request at 2s. 9d. for good rough. No supply of Sparits.

Easin sells readily at 2s. 2d 69s 3d. for common. Fine is much wanted and command extreme rates is much wanted and command extreme rates.

BICE is in steady demand at 17s. 619s. 9 cwt., in bond.

No sales of BARK BERSWAX TAR or Olla.

Stha-The COTTON market opens quiet this morning, with indications of a very moderate bunaces.

London Produce Market....Mancs 22.

SUGAR-West India, sales 735 casks, at full prices; refined firm: brown lumps, de; Marritius 8.60 bags, went off with sprit, from 35c.435 e dd; Bengui, 5,400 bags, sold; white Benarce, 35c.435 e dd. Corpan-A fair business has been transcoted at former terms; salve Ceylon. 39c. 435c 6d. Tha-Very little doing and prices unaltered. Cotton-Little doing, but no decline. Tallow-Fiat, at 56c. on the spot.

MANCHESTER, Tuesday evening, March 33.—Since this day week, all that can be said of our Cloth and Yava markets is that there is more firmness in prices than on this day so hight, and that a large beances; doing it both.—The German houses are operating very estensively in both articles, and, from appearances, likely to continue for some time to come. The Greek houses are not busy, so many [Continues on Eighth Pages